

A Precision Wire Drawing System: Development and Results

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Outline

- Project Objectives
- Prior Work
- Stack Design & Construction
- Wire Drawing Experiments
- Experimental Results
 - Reduced draw forces
 - Cleaning
 - Improved smoothness

Summary



Project Objectives

• The objectives of this project were to:

- Design and build a special purpose ultrasonic wire drawing unit
- Carry out ultrasonic wire drawing tests on a high alloy wire

The intent was to improve the surface finish of the wire.

- Wire was Carpenter MP35N (Ni-Co-Cr-Mo)
 - Not primarily an electrical wire
- Nominal diameter ~0.005"

Literature review was Step 1.



Testing apparatus from prior work



Fig. 1. A scheme of apparatus for wire drawing with superimposed ultrasonic vibrations: (1) ultrasonic generator, (2) ultrasonic transducer, (3) ultrasonic horn, (4) die, (5) pusher-type furnace, (6) dynamometer, (7) wire, (8, 9) spools.

Mordyuke, B.N., Mordyuk, V.S. and Buryak, V.V., "Ultrasonic drawing of tungsten wire for incandescent lamps production," *Ultrasonics*, Vol. 32 (2004) pp. 109–111.



Prior work – surface finish

From past work...

Photo on left shows wire drawn without ultrasonic energy; photo on right show with drawn with ultrasonic energy.



Figure 2

Figure 3

Zust, R, "Wet and dry wire drawing with ultrasonic support," *Wire Industry (UK).* Vol. 67, no. 796 (April 2000), pp. 341-342.



Recent work...

Superconducting composite and fine wire (~0.005" / 36AWG).







Stack Design













STORE DEV [FLOPPY] ►

Page 7

Wire Drawing Bench





Wire Drawing Experiments

Converting Voltage from Polytec HSV2001 Laser Vibrometer to Amplitude				
2/23/2012				
Frequency	Factor			
kHz				
20	7.958			
Set Amplitude	Laser Vibrometer	>>>	Amplitude	
Percent	Volts (pk-pk)	>>>	Microns (pk-pk)	
40	0.184		7.3	
50	0.218		8.7	
60	0.262		10.4	
70	0.278		11.1	
80	0.300		11.9	
90	0.332		13.2	
100	0.348		13.8	
	0.000		0.0	
	0.000		0.0	
	0.000		0.0	
	0.000		0.0	
	0.000		0.0	
Amplitude Set	Frequency (p/s)	Power		
40	20420	15		
50	20450	17		
60	20460	22		
70	20479	23		
80	20487	27		
90	20486	31		
100	20493	33		





Draw marks on as-received wire



Process data

Post-draw diameter could not be measured while ultrasonic energy applied. ultrasonics off ultrasonics on





Experimental Results

Expected results:

- Friction reduction, meaning:
 - Faster draw speed
 - Less draw force
 - Reduction in breakage
- Also observed increased smoothness:







Experimental Results

Unexpected results:

- Wire resonation could not measure post-draw diameter
- But, this "cleaned" the wire
- Also affected use of lubricant applied





Summary

 Ultrasonic-assisted wire drawing has been researched and equipment developed, by EWI and others.

Data has been reported that shows improvement in:

- smoother surface finish
- faster draw speeds possible
- lower draw force ~30%
- reduction or elimination of draw lubricant

Questions?





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